Change the chapter heading for Eng 200 to read as follows:

Chapter Eng 200 RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

Repeal Eng 201 through Eng 216, effective 3/24/01 (Document #7468-A), as follows:

[PART Eng 201 PURPOSE AND SCOPE
Eng 201.01 <u>Purpose and Scope</u> . The board shall conduct proceedings for the purpose of acquiring sufficient information to make fair and reasonable decisions on matters within its statutory jurisdiction, including decisions on applications and complaints filed against licensees. These rules are intended to secure the just, efficient and accurate resolution of all board proceedings.
PART Eng 202 DEFINITIONS
Eng 202.01 Definitions.
(a) "Appearance" means a written notification to the board that a party's representative intends to actively participate in a hearing.
(b) "Hearing" means "adjudicative proceeding" as defined by RSA 541-A:1, I, namely, "the procedure to be followed in contested cases, as set forth in RSA 541-A:31 through RSA 541-A:36."
(c) "Motion" means a request to the presiding officer for an order or ruling directing some act to be done in favor of the party making the motion, including a statement of justification or reasons for the request.
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(e) "Party" means "party" as defined by RSA 541 A:1, XII, namely, "each person or board named or admitted as a party, or properly seeking and entitled as a right to be admitted as a party." The term "party" includes all intervenors in a proceeding, subject to any limitations established pursuant to RSA 541-A:33, III.
(f) "Person" means "person" as defined by RSA 541-A:1, XIII, namely, "any individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision, or public or private organization of any character other than a board."
(g) "Presiding officer" means presiding officer as defined in RSA 541 A:1, XIV, namely, "that individual to whom the board has delegated the authority to preside over a proceeding, if any; otherwise it shall mean the head of the board."
(h) "Proof by a preponderance of the evidence" means a demonstration by admissible evidence that a fact or legal conclusion is more probable than not to be true.
PART Eng 203 PRESIDING OFFICER; WITHDRAWAL AND WAIVER OF RULES
Eng 203.01 Presiding Officer; Appointment; Authority.

(a) All hearings shall be conducted for the board by a natural person appointed by the board to serve as a presiding officer.
(b) A presiding officer shall as necessary:
(1) Regulate and control the course of a hearing;
(2) Facilitate an informal resolution acceptable to all parties;
(3) Administer oaths and affirmations;
(4) Issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses at hearings or the production of documents, as authorized by RSA 310 A:23, II;
(5) Receive relevant evidence at hearings and exclude irrelevant, immaterial or unduly repetitious evidence;
(6) Rule on procedural requests, including adjournments or postponements, at the request of a party or on the presiding officer's own motion;
(7) Question any person who testifies;
(8) Cause a complete record of any hearing to be made, as specified in RSA 541-A:31, VI; and
(9) Take any other action consistent with applicable statutes, rules and case law necessary to conduct the hearing and complete the record in a fair and timely manner.
Eng 203.02 Withdrawal of Presiding Officer.
(a) Upon his or her own initiative or upon the motion of any party, a presiding officer or board official shall, for good cause withdraw from any hearing.
(b) Good cause shall exist if a presiding officer or board official:
(1) Has a direct interest in the outcome of a proceeding, including, but not limited to, a financial or family relationship;
(2) Has made statements or engaged in behavior which objectively demonstrates that he or she has prejudged the facts of a case; or
(3) Personally believes that he or she cannot fairly judge the facts of a case.
(c) Mere knowledge of the issues, the parties or any witness shall not constitute good cause for withdrawal.
Eng 203.03 Waiver or Suspension of Rules by Presiding Officer. The presiding officer, upon his or her own initiative or upon the motion of any party, shall suspend or waive any requirement or limitation imposed by this chapter upon reasonable notice to affected persons when the proposed waiver or suspension appears to be lawful, and would be more likely to promote the fair, accurate and efficient resolution of issues pending before the board than would adherence to a particular rule or procedure.

PART Eng 204 FILING, FORMAT AND DELIVERY OF DOCUMENTS Eng 204.01 Date of Issuance or Filing. All written documents governed by these rules shall be rebuttably presumed to have been issued on the date noted on the document and to have been filed with the board on the actual date of receipt by the board, as evidenced by a date stamp placed on the document by the board in the normal course of business. Eng 204.02 Format of Documents. (a) All correspondence, pleadings, motions or other documents filed under these rules shall: (1) Include the title and docket number of the proceeding, if known; (2) Be typewritten or clearly printed on durable paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches in size; (3) Be signed by the party or proponent of the document, or, if the party appears by a representative, by the representative; and (4) Include a statement certifying that a copy of the document has been delivered to all parties to the proceeding in compliance with Eng 203.03. (b) A party's or representative's signature on a document filed with the board shall constitute certification that: (1) The signer has read the document; (2) The signer is authorized to file it; (3) To the best of the signer's knowledge, information and belief there are good and sufficient grounds to support it; and (4) The document has not been filed for purposes of delay. Eng 204.03 Delivery of Documents. (a) Copies of all petitions, motions, exhibits, memoranda, or other documents filed by any party to a proceeding governed by these rules shall be delivered by that party to all other parties to the proceeding. (b) All notices, orders, decisions or other documents issued by the presiding officer or board shall be delivered to all parties to the proceeding. (c) Delivery of all documents relating to a proceeding shall be made by personal delivery or by depositing a copy of the document, by first class mail, postage prepaid, in the United States mail, addressed to the last address given to the board by the party. (d) When a party appears by a representative, delivery of a document to the party's representative at the address stated on the appearance filed by the representative shall constitute delivery to the party.

PART Eng 205 TIME PERIODS

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Eng 205.01 Computation of Time.
(a) Unless otherwise specified, all time periods referenced in this chapter shall be calendar days.
(b) Computation of any period of time referred to in these rules shall begin with the day after the action which sets the time period in motion, and shall include the last day of the period so computed.
(c) If the last day of the period so computed falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, then the time period shall be extended to include the first business day following the Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.
PART Eng 206 MOTIONS AND PLEADINGS
Eng 206.01 Motions; Objections.
(a) Motions shall be in written form and filed with the presiding officer, unless made in response to a matter asserted for the first time at a hearing or on the basis of information which was not received in time to prepare a written motion.
(b) Oral motions and any oral objection to such motions shall be recorded in full in the record of the hearing. If the presiding officer finds that the motion requires additional information in order to be fully and fairly considered, the presiding officer shall direct the moving party to submit the motion in writing, with supporting information.
(c) Objections to written motions shall be filed within 30 days of the date of the motion.
 (d) Failure by an opposing party to object to a motion shall not in and of itself constitute grounds for granting the motion.
(e) The presiding officer shall rule upon a motion after full consideration of all objections and other factors relevant to the motion.
- Eng 206.02 Pleadings.
(a) The only pleadings permitted shall be petitions, other than for rulemaking, and replies to petitions. Applications shall not be considered pleadings.
(b) All petitions shall contain:
(1) The name and address of the petitioner;
(2) The name and address of the petitioner's representative, if any;
(3) A concise statement of the facts that caused the petitioner to request the board to act;
(4) The action that the petitioner wishes the board to take; and
(5) The identification of any statutes, rules, orders, or other authority that entitles the petitioner to request the board to act.
- (c) Board replies to petitions shall contain:

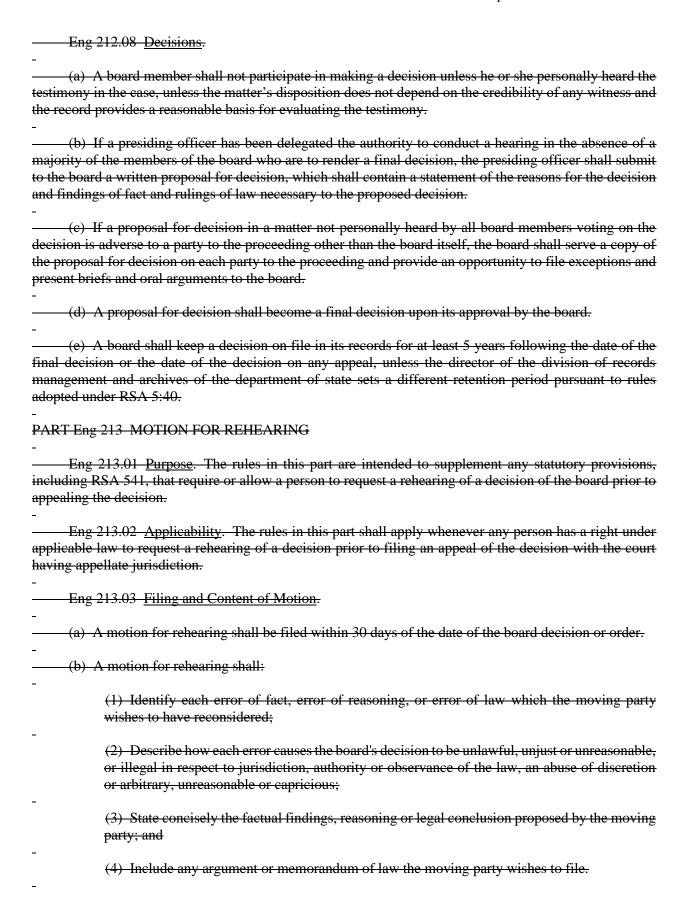
(1) The name and address of the petitioner;
(2) The name and address of the representative of the petitioner, if any;
(3) A statement addressing each fact alleged in the petition;
(4) A statement addressing the authority identified by the petitioner;
(5) A concise response to each statement;
(6) The identification of any statutes, rules, orders, or other authority, not identified in the petition, having a bearing upon the subject matter of the petition; and
(7) The action the board took.
(d) Replies shall be filed within 90 days from the date of the petition.
PART Eng 207 NOTICE OF HEARING; APPEARANCES; PRE HEARING CONFERENCES
Eng 207.01 Commencement of Hearing. A hearing shall be commenced by an order of the board giving notice to the parties at least 30 days prior to the hearing as required by Eng 207.03.
Eng 207.02 <u>Docket Numbers</u> . A docket number shall be assigned to each matter to be heard which shall appear on the notice of hearing and all subsequent orders or decisions of the board.
Eng 207.03 Notice of Hearing.
(a) A notice of a hearing issued by the board at least 30 days prior to the hearing shall contain the information required by RSA 541-A:31, III, namely:
(1) A statement of the time, place and nature of any hearing;
(2) A statement of the legal authority under which a hearing is to be held;
(3) A reference to the particular statutes and rules involved including this chapter;
(4) A short and plain statement of the issues presented;
(5) A statement that each party has the right to have an attorney represent them at their own expense; and
(6) A statement that each party has the right to have the board provide a certified shorthand court reporter at the party's expense and that any such request shall be submitted in writing a least 10 days prior to the hearing.
Eng 207.04 Appearances and Representation.
(a) A party's representative shall file an appearance that includes the following information:
(1) A brief identification of the matter;

(2) A statement as to whether or not the representative is an attorney and if so, whether the attorney is licensed to practice in New Hampshire; and
(3) The party or representative's daytime address and telephone number.
Eng 207.05 <u>Prehearing Conference</u> . Any party may request, or the presiding officer shall schedule on his or her own initiative, a prehearing conference in accordance with RSA 541-A:31, V to consider:
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— (b) Simplification of the issues;
(c) Stipulations or admissions as to issues of fact or proof by consent of the parties;
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(e) Changes to standard procedures desired during the hearing by consent of the parties;
(f) Consolidation of examination of witnesses and;
(g) Any other matters which aid in the disposition of the proceeding.
PART Eng 208 ROLES OF BOARD STAFF AND COMPLAINANTS
Eng 208.01 Role of Board Staff in Enforcement or Disciplinary Hearings. Unless called as witnesses, board staff as defined in Eng 103.04 shall have no role in any enforcement or disciplinary hearing.
Eng 208.02 Role of Complainants in Enforcement or Disciplinary Hearings. Unless called as a witness or granted party or intervenor status, a person who initiates an adjudicative proceeding by complaining to the board about the conduct of a person who becomes a partyshall have no role in any enforcement or disciplinary hearing.
PART Eng 209 INTERVENTION
Eng 209.01 Intervention.
(a) A non-party may intervene in a matter pending before a board under the provisions of RSA 541-A:32, by filing a motion stating facts demonstrating that the non-party's rights or other substantial interests might be affected by the proceeding or that the non-party qualifies as an intervenor under any provision of law.
(b) If the presiding officer determines that such intervention would be in the interests of justice and would not impair the orderly and prompt conduct of the hearing, he or she shall grant the motion for intervention.
(c) Participation by intervenors shall be limited to that which is necessary to protect the interest identified in the petition for intervention.
(d) Petitions for intervention shall be filed any time after commencement of a proceeding, and state:

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(1) The petitioner's interest in the subject matter of the hearing;
	2) Whether the petitioner appears in support of the complainant, or the respondent, as well as or his or her own interest;
	3) Why the interests of the parties and the orderly and prompt conduct of the proceeding would not be impaired; and
-	4) Any other reasons why the petitioner should be permitted to intervene.
	itions for intervention shall be granted if the petitioner has an interest in the proceeding and ated this interest.
	person filing a complaint that becomes the subject of a disciplinary hearing shall be served ing notice and notified of the right to intervene in the proceeding.
	ce granted leave to intervene, intervenors shall take the proceeding as they find it and no proceeding shall be repeated because of the fact of intervention.
PART Eng 21	10 POSTPONEMENT REQUESTS AND FAILURE TO ATTEND HEARING
Eng 21	0.01 Postponements.
(a) And date or time.	y party to a hearing may make an oral or written motion that a hearing be postponed to a later
determines the witnesses or a because the	postponement is requested by a party to the hearing, it shall be granted if the presiding officer at good cause has been demonstrated. Good cause shall include the unavailability of parties, attorneys necessary to conduct the hearing, the likelihood that a hearing will not be necessary parties have reached a settlement or any other circumstances that demonstrate that a twould assist in resolving the case fairly.
date, time and of the hearing	he later date, time and place are known at the time of the hearing that is being postponed, the later date, time and place are not known at the time that is being postponed, the presiding officer shall issue a written scheduling order stating and place of the postponed hearing as soon as practicable.
Eng 21 with Eng 207 shall either:	0.02 Failure to Attend Hearing. If any party to whom notice has been given in accordance 0.03 fails to attend a hearing, the presiding officer shall declare that party to be in default and
- (a) Dis	smiss the case, if the party with the burden of proof fails to appear; or
(b) He	ar the testimony and receive the evidence offered by a party, if that party has the burden of ase.
- PART Eng 21	11 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION OR DOCUMENTS
- Eng 21	1.01 Voluntary Production of Information.

(a) Each party shall attempt in good faith to make complete and timely response to requests for the voluntary production of information or documents relevant to the hearing.
(b) When a dispute between parties arises concerning a request for the voluntary production of information or documents, any party may file a motion to compel the production of the requested information under Eng 211.02.
Eng 211.02 Motions to Compel Production of Information.
(a) Any party may make a motion requesting that the presiding officer order the parties to comply with information requests. The motion shall be filed at least 15 days before the date scheduled for the hearing.
(b) The moving party's motion shall:
(1) Set forth in detail those factors which it believes justify its request for information; and
(2) List with specificity the information it is seeking to discover.
(c) When a party has demonstrated that such requests for information are necessary for a full and fair presentation of the evidence at the hearing, the presiding officer shall grant the motion.
Eng 211.03 Mandatory Pre-Hearing Disclosure of Witnesses and Exhibits. At least 5 days before the hearing the parties shall exchange a list of all witnesses to be called at the hearing with a brief summary of their testimony, a list of all documents or exhibits to be offered as evidence at the hearing, and a copy of each document or exhibit.
PART Eng 212 RECORD, PROOF, EVIDENCE AND DECISIONS
Eng 212.01 Record of the Hearing.
(a) The board shall record the hearing by tape recording or other method that will provide a verbatim record except for a proceeding on emergency action shall be governed by RSA 541-A:30, III.
(b) If any person requests a transcript of the taped record, the board shall cause a transcript to be prepared and, upon receipt of payment for the cost of the transcription, shall provide copies of the transcript to the requesting party.
(c) At the request of a party to any proceeding involving disciplinary action, the record of the proceeding shall be made by a certified shorthand court reporter provided by the board at the requesting party's expense. A request for a certified shorthand court reporter shall be filed at least 10 days prior to the hearing.
Eng 212.02 <u>Standard and Burden of Proof</u> . The party asserting a proposition shall bear the burden of proving the truth of the proposition by a preponderance of the evidence.
Eng 212.03 Testimony; Order of Proceeding.
(a) Any person offering testimony, evidence or arguments shall state for the record his or her name, and role in the proceeding. If the person is representing another person, the person being represented shall also be identified.

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(b) Testimony shall be offered in the following order:
(1) The party or parties bearing the burden of proof and such witnesses as the party may call;
(2) The party or parties opposing the party who bears the overall burden of proof and such witnesses as the party may call.
Eng 212.04 Evidence.
(a) Receipt of evidence shall be governed by the provisions of RSA 541-A:33.
(b) All documents, materials and objects offered as exhibits shall be admitted into evidence unless excluded by the presiding officer as irrelevant, immaterial, unduly repetitious or legally privileged.
(c) All objections to the admissibility of evidence shall be stated as early as possible in the hearing, but not later than the time when the evidence is offered.
(d) Transcripts of testimony and documents or other materials, admitted into evidence shall be public records unless the presiding officer determines that all or part of a transcript or document is exempt from disclosure under RSA 91-A:5 or applicable case law.
Eng 212.05 Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.
(a) Any party may submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law to the presiding officer prior to or at the hearing.
(b) Upon request of any party, or if the presiding officer determines that proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law would serve to clarify the issues presented at the hearing, the presiding officer shall specify a date after the hearing for the submission of proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law.
(c) In any case where proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law are submitted, the decision shall include rulings on the proposals.
Eng 212.06 Closing the Record.
(a) After the conclusion of the hearing, the record shall be closed and no other evidence shall be received into the record, except as allowed by (b) below and Eng 212.08.
(b) Before the conclusion of the hearing, a party may request that the record be left open to allow the filing of specified evidence not available at the hearing. If the other parties to the hearing have no objection or if the presiding officer determines that such evidence is necessary to a full consideration of the issues raised at the hearing, the presiding officer shall keep the record open for the period of time necessary for the party to file the evidence.
Eng 212.07 Reopening the Record. At any time prior to the issuance of the decision on the merits, the presiding officer, on the presiding officer's own initiative or on the motion of any party, shall reopen the record to receive relevant, material and non-duplicative testimony, evidence or arguments not previously received, if the presiding officer determines that such testimony, evidence or arguments are necessary to a full and fair consideration of the issues to be decided.



Eng 213.04 Standard for Granting Motion for Rehearing.
(a) A motion for rehearing in a case subject to appeal under RSA 541 shall be granted if i demonstrates that the board's decision is unlawful, unjust or unreasonable.
(b) A motion for rehearing in a case subject to appeal by petition for writ of certiorari shall be granted if it demonstrates that the board's decision is illegal in respect to jurisdiction, authority or observance of law, an abuse of discretion or arbitrary, unreasonable or capricious.
Eng 213.05 Decision on Motion for Rehearing. The board shall grant or deny a motion for rehearing or suspend the order or decision pending further consideration within 10 days of the filing of the motion for rehearing.
PART Eng 214 RULEMAKING PUBLIC COMMENT HEARINGS
Eng 214.01 <u>Purpose</u> . The purpose of this part is to provide a uniform procedure for the conduct of public hearings at which comment from the general public will be solicited for evaluation and consideration by the board relative to rulemaking.
(a) These rules shall apply to all hearings required by state law to be conducted by the department a which public comment shall be solicited, except that they shall not apply to adjudicative hearings.
(b) If any requirement set by these rules conflicts with an applicable statute, such other authority shall control.
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(a) A public comment hearing concerning rulemaking shall be commenced by placing notice of the hearing in the "Rulemaking Register" so that it shall appear at least 20 days prior to the hearing date.
(b) Notice for rulemaking public comment hearings shall comply with RSA 541-A:6, I.
(c) Nothing in these rules shall prohibit the board from giving greater notice than the minimums se out in this part.
- Eng 214.04 Media Access.
- (a) Public comment hearings shall be open to the print and electronic media.
- (b) The moderator shall place limits on the activities of the media to avoid disruption in the following ways:
(1) Limit the number of media representatives when their presence is disproportionate to the number of citizens present and shall cause citizens to be excluded;
(2) Limit the placement of television cameras to certain locations in the hearing room; and
(3) Prohibit interviews from being conducted within the hearing room during the hearing.
Eng 214.05 Moderator.

(a) The hearing shall be presided over by a designee.	moderator who shall be the board chairperson or a
- (b) The moderator shall:	
(1) Call the hearing to order;	
(2) Cause a recording of the hearing to	be made;
(3) Place limits on the media to avoid d	isruption as set out in Eng 214.04(b);
(4) Recognize those who wish to be hea	ard and establish the order thereof;
(5) Limit the time for each speaker, as s	set out in Eng 214.06(b);
(6) Remove or have removed any perso	n who disrupts the hearing;
(7) Adjourn the hearing; and	
(8) Provide opportunity for the submiss	ion of written comments.
Eng 214.06 Public Participation.	
All whose names appear on the speakers' list, as provide hearing. Limit the amount of time each speaker may determined considering the number of people who facility.	refore the last speaker on the list has finished speaking. Fided, shall be afforded reasonable time to speak at the speak to a reasonable time. Reasonable time shall be wish to be heard, the time and the availability of the
(b) The board, through the moderator, shall:	
(1) Refuse to recognize a person who re	efuses to give his or her full name and address;
spokespersons, provided that the membe	hes to comment, limit the group to no more than 3 rs who are present shall be allowed to enter their names ing the position by the group or organization;
(3) Revoke recognition of a speaker wh	o speaks or acts in an abusive or disruptive manner; or
(4) Revoke recognition of a speaker wh issues which are the subject of the hearing	o refuses to keep his comments relevant to the issue or ng.
(c) Written comments may be submitted any record has been closed by the moderator, which shall	time from the time notice has been published until the loss than 7 calendar days after the hearing.
issues involved exceed that number which can be hea availability and length of the hearing, the hearing sh	who wish to give oral testimony relevant to the issue or rd within a reasonable period of time subject to facility all be reconvened pursuant to applicable provisions in y to be heard. Speakers may elect to submit written

Eng 214.07 Explanation after Adoption.
- (a) Any person may request an explanation regarding adoption of the rules pursuant to RSA 310-A:11, VII by submitting a request to the board.
(b) The request shall be considered at the next scheduled board meeting and the board shall issue a response within 45 days after consideration.
PART Eng 215 PETITIONS FOR RULEMAKING
Eng 215.01 Petition for Rulemaking.
(a) Any person may request the board to commence a proceeding for the purpose of adopting, amending, or repealing a rule by filing a written petition that contains:
(1) A statement of the petitioner's request for the proposed rule;
(2) The text of the proposed rule or a statement of the particular results intended by the petitioner's interest in the subject matter of the proposed rule;
(3) An identification of the particular rule sought to be amended or repealed;
(4) Any data or argument the petitioner believes would be useful to the board in deciding whether to commence a rulemaking proceeding; and
(5) Name, address, signature of petitioner and date.
Eng 215.02 <u>Disposition of Petition</u> .
(a) The board shall consider all petitions for rulemaking and proceed pursuant to RSA 541-A:4. The board shall request additional data or argument from the petitioner or other interested persons to clarify the argument.
(b) If the data or argument fails to support the petition, the board shall state the reason therefore in the order.
(c) If the data or argument supports the petition, the board shall commence rulemaking in accordance with RSA 541-A:3 et. seq.
PART Eng 216 DECLARATORY RULINGS
Eng 216.01 Petitions.
(a) Any person may request a declaratory ruling from the board on matters within its jurisdiction by filing an original and 5 copies of a petition pursuant to Eng 206.02(b).
(b) A petition for declaratory ruling shall also set forth the following information:
(1) The exact ruling being requested; and

(2) The statutory and factual basis for ruling, including any supporting affidavits or memoranda of a law.
Eng 216.02 Action on Petitions.
(a) The petitioner shall provide such further information or participate in such evidentiary or other proceedings as the board shall direct after reviewing the petition and any replies received.
(b) Upon review and consideration, the board shall within 90 days rule on the petition pursuant to Eng 206.02 (d).]
Repeal Eng 217, effective 1/1/2012 (Document #10044), as follows:
[PART Eng 217 EXPLANATION AFTER ADOPTION
Eng 217.01 Explanation after Adoption.
(a) Any person may request an explanation regarding adoption of the rules pursuant to RSA 541-A:11, VII by submitting a request to the board.
(b) The request shall be considered at the next scheduled board meeting and the board shall issue a response within 45 days after consideration.]
Adopt Eng 201 and Eng 201.02 to read as follows:
PART Eng 201 APPLICABILITY AND WAIVER OF SUBSTANTIVE RULES
Eng 201.01 <u>Applicability of Plc 200</u> . The Plc 200 rules shall govern the board of professional engineers with regards to all procedures for:
(a) Adjudicatory proceedings;
(b) Rulemaking submissions, considerations, and disposition of rulemaking petitions;
(c) Public comment hearings;
(d) Declaratory rulings;
(e) All statements of policy and interpretation;
(f) Explanation of adopted rules; and
(g) Voluntary surrender of licenses.
Eng 201.02 Waiver of Administrative Rules.

- (a) The board shall initiate a waiver of a substantive rule upon its own motion by providing affected parties with notice and opportunity to be heard and issuing an order which finds that waiver would be necessary to advance the purpose of the rules of the board.
- (b) Individuals who wish to request a waiver of a rule shall submit a written request to the board, which includes:
 - (1) The rule for which a waiver is requested;
 - (2) The anticipated length of time the requested waiver will be needed;
 - (3) The reason for requesting the waiver;
 - (4) Evidence of how the waiver will provide for the health and safety of the consumer or licensee;
 - (5) A time-limited written compliance plan which sets forth plans to achieve compliance including an estimated date of compliance; and
 - (6) The signature of the applicant.
 - (c) The board shall consider the following when determining whether to approve or deny a waiver:
 - (1) If adherence to the rule would cause the petitioner unnecessary or undue hardship;
 - (2) If the requested waiver is necessary because of any neglect or misfeasance on the part of the practitioner;
 - (3) If enforcement of the rule would injure a third person(s); and
 - (4) If waiver of the rule would injure a third person(s).
 - (d) The board shall approve a waiver of an administrative rule request only if:
 - (1) Granting a waiver does not have the effect of waiving or modifying a provision of RSA 310-A:2 through RSA 310-A:27;
 - (2) The petitioner shows or has shown good cause exists pursuant to (c) above to waive the rule; and
 - (3) The board determines that the individual's plans for compliance with the rule includes an estimated date of compliance and eventual compliance.
- (e) If the board, after receiving and reviewing a request for a waiver, requires further information or documentation to grant or deny the waiver, the board shall:
 - (1) Notify the applicant in writing within 30 days; and
 - (2) Specify the information or documentation the board requires.

(f) The board shall issue a written approval or denial of the waiver within 60 days of the date the request is received, unless additional information or documentation is required. If additional information and documentation is required, then the board shall issue a written approval or denial within 60 days of receiving the requested information or documentation.

APPENDIX

Rule	Specific State Statute which the Rule Implements
Eng 201-213 (repeal)	RSA 310-A:22; RSA 310-A:22-a; RSA 310-A:23
Eng 214.01 (repeal)	RSA 541-A:16, I(c)
Eng 214.03 (repeal)	RSA 541-A:16, I(c)
Eng 214.04 (repeal)	RSA 541-A:16, I(b)
Eng 215 (repeal)	RSA 541-A:16, I(d)
Eng 216 (repeal)	RSA 541-A:16, I (b)
Eng 217 (repeal)	RSA 541-A:16, I(b)
Eng 201	RSA 310-A:6, I(g); RSA 541-A:16, I(b)
Eng 201.02	RSA 310-A:6, I(g); RSA 310-A:6, I(g)